

Appl. No. 09/228,710  
Amdt. dated February 1, 2005  
Reply to Office Action of August 26, 2004

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**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently amended) A method for providing power within a telephone server coupled to a computer system via an interface bus, to a maximum number of telephones, and to a telephone trunk, the computer system providing a primary voltage and a secondary voltage, the method including:

receiving the primary voltage and the secondary voltage from the computer system;

generating ringer power in response to the primary voltage;

generating direct inward dialing power in response to the primary voltage, the direct inward dialing power configured to provide a first operational voltage for a plurality of telephones from the maximum number of telephones, when the plurality of telephones receive telephone calls directly from the telephone trunk; and

generating a ringing signal in response to the ringer power and to the secondary voltage;

wherein a peak voltage of the ringing signal is provided to no more than approximately one half of the maximum number of telephones at a time,

and wherein all none of the plurality of telephones are on separate circuits a common line.

2. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising:  
generating an indicator light signal in response to the primary voltage,  
wherein a peak voltage of the indicator light signal is provided to no more than approximately a half of the maximum number of telephones at a time.

3. Canceled.

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4. (Currently amended) The method of ~~claim 1~~ claim 2 further comprising:  
generating indicator light voltage in response to the primary voltage;  
wherein a peak voltage of the indicator light voltage is provided to no more than  
approximately a quarter of the maximum number of telephones at a time.
5. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the ringing signal  
has a duty cycle selected from the group consisting of : approximately 33 percent, approximately  
25 percent, approximately one half.
6. (Currently amended) The method of claim 5 wherein a peak voltage of  
the ringing signal is provided to no more than a portion ~~approximately one third~~ of the maximum  
number of telephones at a time, wherein the portion is selected from the group consisting of:  
approximately one third, approximately one half, approximately one third.
7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising  
generating second operational voltage in response to the primary voltage for the telephones from  
the maximum number of telephones, when the telephones receive telephone calls from other  
telephones from the maximum number of telephones;  
wherein the first operational voltage is approximately twice the second  
operational voltage.
8. Canceled.
9. (Currently amended) A telephone server coupled to a computer system  
via a computer bus, configured to provide output power and signals to a plurality of telephones,  
and to a telephone trunk, the computer system providing a primary voltage and a secondary  
voltage, the telephone server comprising:  
a transformer circuit configured to receive the primary voltage and to provide first  
operational power in response to the primary voltage signal, the first operational power  
configured to power a plurality of telephones that receive telephone calls from the telephone  
trunk; and

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ringer circuitry coupled to the transformer circuit configured to receive the ringer power, to receive the second voltage, and to provide a ringing signal in response thereto;

wherein the ringer circuitry is configured to provide a peak voltage of the ringer power to no more than approximately one half a maximum number of telephones that may be coupled to the telephone server at a time, and

wherein ~~all~~ none of the plurality of telephones are on ~~separate telephone lines~~ a common line.

10. (Previously presented) The telephone server of claim 9

wherein the transformer circuit is also configured to provide an indicator light power in response to the primary voltage, and

wherein indicator light circuitry is configured to provide a peak voltage of the indicator light power to no more than approximately ~~one-quarter~~ a fraction of the maximum number of telephones, wherein the fraction is selected from the group consisting of: one quarter, one half, one third.

11. (Previously presented) The telephone server of claim 10 wherein the

indicator light circuitry is configured to provide an indicator light signal in response to the indicator light power, wherein the indicator light signal is configured to have a duty cycle of less than a percentage, wherein the percentage is selected from the group consisting of: approximately 25 percent, approximately 33 percent.

12-14. Canceled.

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15. (Previously presented) The telephone server of claim 9 wherein the transformer circuit is also configured to provide second operational power in response to the primary voltage, wherein the second operational power provides power to telephones that receive telephone calls from other telephones of the plurality of telephones; and

wherein the first operational power is greater than the second operational power.

16. Canceled.

17. (Original) The telephone server of claim 9 further comprising: wherein the transformer circuit is also configured to receive an enabling signal from the computer system; and wherein the transformer circuit is also configured to provide the first operational power in response to the enabling signal.

18. (Currently amended) A method for a telecommunications interface for providing drive voltages for a plurality of telephones coupled thereto, the telecommunications interface also coupled to a computer system, the computer system providing a first drive voltage and a second drive voltage to the telecommunications interface, the method including:

receiving an enabling signal for the telecommunications interface from the computer system;

generating a ringing drive voltage within the telecommunications interface in response to the first drive voltage and to the enabling signal, wherein a ringer circuit is configured to provide the ringing drive voltage to a subset of a maximum number of telephones that may be coupled to the telecommunications interface at one time, and wherein all none of the telephones are coupled to ~~separate telephone lines~~ a common line; and

generating a first operational drive voltage for a telephone from the plurality of telephones within the telecommunications interface when a call directed to the telephone is a directly dialed call from the telephone trunk.

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19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18 further comprising:  
providing the first operational drive voltage to the telephone when the call is a  
directly dialed call.

20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18 wherein the first  
operational drive voltage for the telephone is generated in response to the enabling signal.

21. Canceled.

22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18 further comprising:  
generating an indicator light drive voltage within the telecommunications  
interface in response to the primary voltage.

23. (Currently amended) The method of claim 22  
wherein a peak voltage of the indicator light drive voltage is provided to no more  
than a proportion approximately one-half of the maximum number of telephones at a time ,  
wherein the proportion is selected from the group consisting of: approximately one-half  
approximately one quarter.

24. Canceled.

25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18 wherein a peak voltage of  
the ringing drive voltage is provided to no more than a proportion approximately one-half of the  
maximum number of telephones at a time , wherein the proportion is selected from the class  
consisting of: approximately one half, approximately one-third.

26. Canceled.

27. (Currently Amended) The method of ~~claim 26~~ claim 25 wherein a ring  
signal derived from the ringing drive voltage has a duty cycle of less than approximately 33  
percent.

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28. (Currently amended) The method of claim 18 further comprising:  
generating a second operational drive voltage for the telephone within the telecommunications interface when the call directed to the telephone is an internally dialed call from another telephone of the plurality of telephones; and  
providing the second operational drive voltage to the telephone when the call is an internally dialed call [,.] ;  
wherein the first operational drive voltage has a magnitude approximately twice a magnitude of the second operational drive voltage.